

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2007

DRAFT

**ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Independent Auditors' Report

To The Members of the Operating Committee
Erie County Technical School
Erie, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Erie County Technical School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Erie County Technical School as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditors' Report
(Continued)

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 10, 2007 on our consideration of the Erie County Technical School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages through and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

DRAFT

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

August 10, 2007
Erie, Pennsylvania

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2007

The discussion and analysis of Erie County Technical School's financial performance provides an overall review of the area vocational technical school's (AVTS) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the AVTS financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the AVTS financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999.

Joint Venture

Erie County Technical School is a joint venture of eleven public school districts in Erie County, Pennsylvania, organized under the Public School Code of Pennsylvania. The school provides vocational and technical training programs for high school students who are residents of the participating school districts and out of school youths and adults. Each district is responsible for a share of the operating budget based on student enrollment using a formula described within the Articles of Agreement. The participating districts include: Fairview School District, Fort LeBoeuf School District, General McLane School District, Girard School District, Harbor Creek School District, Iroquois School District, Millcreek Township School District, North East School District, Northwestern School District, Wattsburg Area School District, and Union City Area School District.

The division with-in the school that operates adult training is Regional Career and Technical Center (RCTC). RCTC receives no school district funding and operates on student paid tuition and federal and state grants that become available.

Our Mission

The mission of the Erie County Technical School is to educate people to have the skills and attitudes to be successful in their choices of career paths by providing a cooperative educational environment.

Our Vision

The Erie County Technical School, while continuing to serve our existing students, will serve the career preparation needs of new groups of students. We expect to serve more students who will pursue post-secondary education, as well as those who have yet to decide on their career or educational plans. Students will come to our school because we offer programs that help them pursue their career paths, lead them to respected occupations, and emphasize the need for lifelong learning.

We also expect to serve as the hub for career development of all students in our service area. It is imperative that students at all grade levels participate in a coordinated career development program so that they make informed career decisions. In support of this career development program and our overall mission, we will work to convince students, their parents and the public that career and technical education is good for everyone.

Our Quality Policy

The Erie County Technical School is committed to providing career and technical education that exceeds the expectations of our customers while continually measuring our progress and improving our programs and services.

Our Principles

- Ensure the safety and welfare of our students.
- Provide opportunities for learning.
- Protect the public trust.
- Provide for the transition from school to work or additional schooling.
- Embrace diversity

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

District contributions:

The largest source of revenue comes from the participating school districts to support the secondary education programs and totaled \$3,018,487 for 2006-07 (\$2,784,866 for 2005-06, and \$2,784,866 for 2004-05). These amounts are based on a funding formula that is agreed upon by all the districts as part of the Articles of Agreement.

Additional revenue of \$569,415 for 2006-07 (\$527,110 for 2005-06, and \$283,855 for 2004-05), from school districts is for students enrolled in a Career and Alternative Education Program for Disruptive Youth.

The AVTS operated a satellite Diversified Occupations Program at Wattsburg Area School District in 2006-2007 generating \$18,856 in revenue.

2006-07 total contributions from participating school districts were 74% of the secondary program revenue, (68% for 2005-2006).

Regional Career and Technical Center (RCTC):

During 2006-07, the adult training programs continued as part-time, certificate classes. ECTS High School programs may soon begin enrolling RCTC adult students. PDE accreditation has been obtained which will enable student access to federal tuition assistance. Students could enroll with federal financial assistance as soon as January 2008.

Skill Center Building:

The Skill Center Building remained mostly out of service for 2006-07 with all the Erie County Technical School programs being housed at the main high school building.

A small part of the building is leased to Northwest Tri-County Intermediate Unit for supply storage.

The Northwest Tri-County Intermediate Unit continued leasing space for classrooms for a regional collaborative effort for the delivery of advanced courses to high school students from participating school districts.

The Career and Alternative Education program expanded into more classroom space at the Skill Center building, as well as the high school building for a high school program.

RCTC used the welding lab while partnering with Northwest Industrial Resource Center to provide skill training for area companies.

Northwestern Region Employee Benefit Trust (NOREBT):

The AVTS participates in a self-funded insurance trust for the purpose of providing medical, prescriptions, dental and vision plans to eligible employees and dependents. The AVTS makes contributions to the trust for payment of claims, expenses, and stop-loss insurance. At June 30, 2007, the AVTS asset share of the trust balance was \$549,542 and is recorded as a prepaid deposit on the Balance Sheet and Fund Balance Reserve. This reserve is being maintained to fund future claims.

Several area school districts, area technical schools, and Northwestern Tri-County Intermediate Unit are members of NOREBT and share in the risk pool.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Within the Financial Section are the Management Discussion and Analysis (this section) and a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand Erie County Technical School as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the AVTS overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the AVTS operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general AVTS services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the AVTS operates like a business. For this AVTS, this is our Food Service Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the AVTS acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

Figure A-1
Required components of
Erie County Technical School's
Financial Report

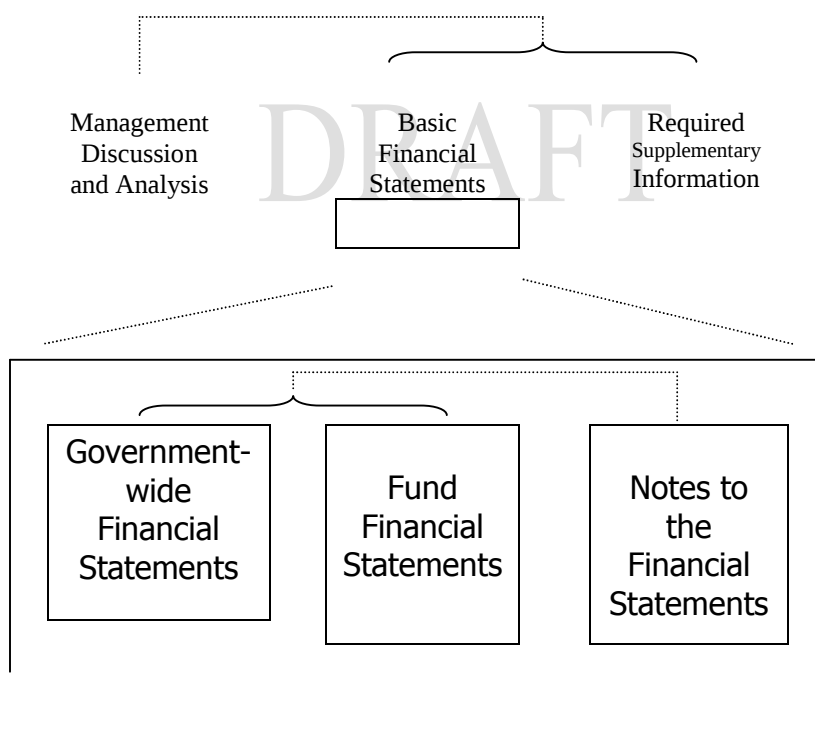


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the AVTS financial statements, including the portion of the AVTS they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of Erie County Technical School's
Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Statements		
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire AVTS (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the AVTS that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the AVTS operates similar to private business – Food Services	Instances in which the AVTS is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources – Scholarship Funds
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term
Type of inflow-outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the AVTS as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the AVTS net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the AVTS assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the AVTS financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the AVTS net assets are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the AVTS, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the school districts' property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the AVTS are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities – All of the AVTS basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Participating school district contributions, state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities –The AVTS operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The AVTS fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the AVTS as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

Governmental funds - Most of the AVTS activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the AVTS operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the AVTS programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds - These funds are used to account for the AVTS activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the AVTS charges customers for services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units in the AVTS - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the AVTS proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds - The AVTS is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some scholarship funds. All of the AVTS fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the AVTS financial statements because the AVTS cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AVTS AS A WHOLE

The AVTS total net assets were \$6,731,670 at June 30, 2007 (\$6,588,079 at June 30, 2006). The change in value can be attributed to asset acquisitions, asset depreciation, asset sales and disposals. The school continues to make a major effort to insure that machinery and equipment is recorded properly and is verifiable.

Table A-1
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007
Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Prior Year Total 6/30/2006
Current and other assets	\$ 1,789,895	\$ 11,731	\$ 1,801,626	\$ 1,566,363
Non current assets	5,605,405	41,528	5,646,933	5,694,401
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,395,300</u>	<u>\$ 53,259</u>	<u>\$ 7,448,559</u>	<u>\$ 7,260,764</u>
Current and other liabilities	\$ 454,969	\$ 6,076	\$ 461,045	\$ 383,999
Non current liabilities	255,844	-	255,844	288,686
Total liabilities	<u>710,813</u>	<u>6,076</u>	<u>716,889</u>	<u>672,685</u>
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,522,398	41,528	5,563,926	5,581,385
Restricted-capital projects	287,047	-	287,047	80,859
Unrestricted	875,042	5,655	880,697	925,835
Total net assets	<u>6,684,487</u>	<u>47,183</u>	<u>6,731,670</u>	<u>6,588,079</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 7,395,300</u>	<u>53,259</u>	<u>7,448,559</u>	<u>\$ 7,260,764</u>

Most of the AVTS net assets are invested in capital assets (buildings, land, and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net assets are a combination of designated and undesignated amounts. The designated balances are amounts set-aside to fund future equipment purchases or capital projects as may be planned by the AVTS.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the statement of activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the AVTS activities that are supported by other general revenues. The largest general revenue category is the contribution from the participating school districts.

Table A-2 takes the information from that statement, rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table A-2
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Prior Year Total 6/30/2006
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 375,852	\$ 83,228	\$ 459,080	\$ 423,625
Operating grants and contributions	1,133,391	38,591	1,171,982	1,182,933
Capital grants and contributions	93,938	-	93,938	-
General revenues	3,910,734	23	3,910,757	3,424,598
Total Revenues	<u>5,513,915</u>	<u>121,842</u>	<u>5,635,757</u>	<u>5,031,156</u>
Expenses				
Instruction	2,969,641	-	2,969,641	2,803,077
Instructional student support	444,475	-	444,475	410,484
Instructional staff support	212,484	-	212,484	231,538
Administrative and financial support	645,083	-	645,083	670,925
Operation and maintenance of plant	793,684	-	793,684	863,850
Central services	301,347	-	301,347	264,031
Student activities	1,726	-	1,726	575
Community services	591	-	591	1,253
Interest on long-term debt	5,889	-	5,889	7,562
Food services	-	117,246	117,246	122,378
Total Expenses	<u>5,374,920</u>	<u>117,246</u>	<u>5,492,166</u>	<u>5,375,673</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	<u>\$ 138,995</u>	<u>\$ 4,596</u>	<u>\$ 143,591</u>	<u>\$ (344,517)</u>

The tables below present the expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-type Activities of the AVTS.

Table A-3 shows the AVTS largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, community services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local revenue and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table A-3
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities

Functions/Programs	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Prior Year 6/30/06 Net Cost
Instruction	\$ 2,969,641	\$ 1,457,472	\$ 1,428,280
Instructional student support	444,475	427,124	395,079
Instructional staff support	212,484	203,808	223,835
Administrative	645,083	619,057	646,277
Operation and maintenance	793,684	754,725	821,401
Central services	301,347	301,347	264,031
Student activities	1,726	1,726	575
Community services	591	591	1,253
Interest on long-term debt	5,889	5889	7,562
Total Governmental Activities	5,374,920	3,771,739	3,788,293
Less:			
Unrestricted grants, subsidies	-	-	-
Total Needs from Local and Other Revenues	\$ 5,374,920	\$ 3,771,739	\$ 3,788,293

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-type Activity of the AVTS. 2006-07 student lunch prices remained the same as in the prior year.

Table A-4
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007
Business-Type Activities

Functions/Programs	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Prior Year 6/30/06 Net Cost
Food services	\$ 117,246	\$ 4,573	\$ 19,178
Less:			
Investment earnings and transfers	23	23	40
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 117,269</u>	<u>\$ 4,596</u>	<u>\$ 19,138</u>

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets for this proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations.

Fund Balances:

At June 30, 2007 the AVTS governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,378,698 (\$1,200,166 at June 30, 2006).

General Fund:

The AVTS General Fund's fund balance includes reserves for inventories \$128,794, NOREBT self insurance trust \$549,542, prepaid insurances and expenses \$4,085 and RCTC adult training \$113,764. The unreserved balance of \$295,465 is available for future years' budgeting. This is used to balance the amount required in future years from school districts to fund the secondary program. The unreserved fund balance is 5.5% of total 2006-07 General Fund expenditures.

Capital Reserve Fund:

The AVTS is preparing for future capital projects and for new and replacement equipment purchases each year. In order to fund these projects and equipment without the need for additional school district contributions or borrowing issues, the AVTS has established this fund and makes transfers from the General Fund to this fund.

The General Fund transferred \$275,000 into Capital Reserve in 2006-07 which was the proceeds from the sale of 20 acres of unused land to the County of Erie. Major expenditures from Capital Reserve during 2006-07 of \$85,217 included: building maintenance, telephone system upgrade, and computer equipment.

The remaining 6/30/07 balance is to be used for capital building and program improvements in future years.

General Fund Budget:

During the fiscal year, the Joint Operating Committee (JOC) authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the AVTS. A schedule showing the AVTS original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided.

The AVTS applies for federal, state, and local grants and these grants cannot always be anticipated in the budgeting process. Budgeted expenditures and other financing uses change to compensate for the additional approved grants. Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses also occur during the year. The most significant transfers may occur from the budget reserve category to specific expenditure areas.

The Budgetary Reserve includes amounts that may be transferred into expenditure accounts for planned expenditures, upon approval of the JOC. These amounts will only be appropriated into expenditure categories when the expenditure is necessary for the operation of the AVTS. Any budget reserve amount not appropriated during the year will become part of the unreserved fund balance and available for future years' budgeting. General Fund Budgetary Reserve remaining unspent at June 30, 2007 was \$295,466.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2007, the AVTS had \$ 5,563,877 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and machinery and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$130,524 from June 30, 2006.

Note: The AVTS closed on the sale to County of Erie of a 20 acre parcel of unused land in July 2006 (06-07) in the amount of \$275,000.

Table A-5
Governmental Activities
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation

	2007	2006
Land	\$ 272,111	\$ 304,831
Buildings	4,390,545	4,511,348
Machinery & equipment	942,749	829,045
Vehicles	0	6,666
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 5,605,405</u>	<u>\$ 5,651,890</u>

Debt Administration

Bond Obligations - As of June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, the AVTS had no outstanding bond obligations.

Capital Lease - On September 23, 1999 the AVTS entered into a capital lease to upgrade energy systems and other building improvements. Payments began March 2000 and continue through December 2009. The present value at June 30, 2006 of the remaining lease payments (net of interest) is \$83,007.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the AVTS.

NEXT YEAR'S GENERAL FUND BUDGET – 2007-2008

Introduction

This year's budget building was a challenging process. The first challenge was Act 1. The Act forces us to use *time-shortened* data to estimate our 2006-2007 expenditures and project 2007-2008 revenues and expenditures. Historically, we have one-half year of current expenses to estimate current expenditures and build the budget. Act 1 also places a cap on budget increases for our participating school districts. Consequently, there is direct and indirect pressure on career and technical centers to mitigate fiscal increases to the districts.

Another challenge was the rising cost for salaries and benefits. Across the campus, this *obligation* totaled \$240,000, which equates to 4.5% of total expenses. Projected personnel costs are based on *fully fundable programs* and the addition of a part-time technology support position. The rising personnel cost limits the flexibility to allocate resources to other areas like technology, instructional services and facilities maintenance. In light of these and other challenges, this budget proposal requests an increase of 3.38% from the districts.

The administration presented a preliminary draft of this budget to the Professional Advisory Council on November 3, 2006. The superintendents requested additional time to review the proposal. At the December 1, 2006 Professional Advisory Council meeting, the budget received their endorsement. The Joint Operating Committee received a first review on November 21, 2006. The administration will ask the ECTS board members to vote on the 2007-2008 Budget proposal at the December Joint Operating Committee meeting. Affiliate school districts can begin to vote on the budget in January 2007.

As you review this budget, you will notice there is a zero-dollar fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. Rather than creating a fund balance, the technical school creates a budgetary reserve. The reserve acts as a minimal savings account and allows for opportunity or emergency expenses. In the 2007-2008 Budget, you will see a budgetary reserve of \$154,314, which is 2.9% of expenditures.

In this budget document, you will find the presentation provides revenues and expenditures for our two primary operations—the Erie County Technical School (high school program) and the Regional Career & Technical Center (postsecondary program). For each operation, you will find an overall summary, charts depicting revenues and expenditures, and a detail report with specific information on each operation's budgetary plan.

Revenue

Total revenue for the General Fund equals \$5.62 million. The secondary program accounts for \$5.14 million while the RCTC program accounts for \$475,661. The budget relies on local sources to align revenue with expenses. District contributions for the secondary program, that equal \$3.12 million, are the largest source of revenue. Alternative education tuition totals 791,839. Local sources totaling \$471,109, state sources totaling \$849,448, and federal sources totaling \$371,710, follow it. The local sources are mainly made-up of RCTC tuitions and rental income.

There are two main sources of State revenue for the high school program—the vocational education subsidy (\$390,000) and the social security subsidy (\$91,711). Other State sources include the alternative education subsidy (\$67,000), state grants (\$15,000) and retirement reimbursements (\$92,264).

For the RCTC, State sources include the adult vocational education subsidy of \$19,814 and the New Choices/New Options program grant of \$160,374.

The Carl D. Perkins Applied Technology and Vocational Education grant is our main source of federal funding, funded at \$321,710. Negotiations are ongoing with the Intermediate Unit for \$50,000 in federal Tech Prep funding.

Expenditures

Overall, General Fund expenditures total \$5.75 million. As expected, the secondary program accounts for the largest part of expenditures with \$5.29 million and the RCTC program accounts for \$463,345. The expenditure for secondary vocational education of \$2.18 million is our largest expense. Other expenditure categories of note include Operation & Maintenance (\$812,754), Administration (\$499,070) and Pupil Personnel (\$447,209).

There are no planned fund transfers for 2007-2008. We typically transfer funds from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund to account for equipment purchases and capital improvements. Due to a declining balance in the Capital Reserve Fund, this plan calls for any equipment purchases and capital improvements to come from the General Fund.

Summary

Despite the challenges within this budget, the technical school is still able to deliver a quality educational experience to our students. The school will maintain programs and services at current levels with some improvements in technology and facilities. Where possible, the administration has capitalized on economies of service in the financial plan.

A review of historical contributions reveals a range of 0% to 9.93%. Within the past 10 years, the increase in district contributions has been less than 2% on six occasions. In the future, taking the highs and lows out of district contributions would be advantageous to the districts and the technical school. The superintendents will be examining a five-year averaging model as compared to our current three-year model

The Erie County Technical School is pleased to present this budget proposal for each school district's consideration and we look forward to your endorsement of it.

Table A-6
General Fund—
Budget Summary Report

	General	Secondary	RCTC
2006-2007 Beginning Fund Balance - Actual July 1, 2006	495,185	295,674	199,511
2006-2007 Change in Fund Balance - Estimated	-119,930	3,876	-123,806
2007-08 Beginning of Year Fund Balance - July 1, 2007	375,254	299,550	75,704
Revenue			
6000 Miscellaneous Local Sources	375,046	92,858	282,188
6946 Districts-Alternative Education	791,839	791,839	
6946 Districts-Other CTE programs	18,000	18,000	
6946 Adult Education Tuition Subsidy	86,063	86,063	
6946 Districts-Secondary Operating Contributions	3,120,498	3,120,498	
7000 State Sources	849,448	655,975	193,473
8000 Federal Sources	371,710	371,710	
9000 Other Financing Sources	10,000	10,000	
Total Revenue	5,622,602	5,146,941	475,661
Total Revenue & Beginning Fund Balance	5,997,856	5,446,492	551,365
Expenditures			
1300 Vocational Education	2,182,293	2,182,293	0
1400 Alternative Education	671,839	671,839	0
1600 Adult Education	252,476	0	252,476
2100 Support Services--Pupil Personnel	477,209	334,056	143,154
2200 Support Services--Instructional Staff	229,663	229,663	0
2300 Support Services--Administration	499,070	434,355	64,715
2400 Support Services--Pupil Health	1,000	1,000	0
2500 Support Services--Business	143,432	143,432	0
2600 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	812,754	812,754	0
2700 Transportation	2,500	1,000	1,500
2800 Support Services--Central	352,894	352,894	0
3200 Student Activities	1,745	1,745	0
3300 Community Service	2,750	1,250	1,500
4200 Site Improvements and repairs	10,000	10,000	
4600 Building Improvement Services	80,000	80,000	0
5100 Lease-Debt Service	35,898	35,898	0
Subtotal Expenditures	5,755,523	5,292,178	463,345
5900 Budgetary Reserve	242,334	154,314	88,020
Total Expenditures & Budgetary Reserve	5,997,857	5,446,492	551,365
2007-2008 Change in Fund Balance	-375,255	-299,550	-75,704
2007-2008 End of Year Fund Balance - June 30, 2008	0	0	0

CONTACTING THE TECHNICAL SCHOOL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the AVTS finances and to show the Joint Operating Committee's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Paul D. Fritz, Business Manager and Secretary, 8500 Oliver Road, Erie, PA 16509; telephone: 814-464-8668, email: pfritz@ects.org.

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ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 979,199	\$ 6,786	\$ 985,985
Internal balances	342	(342)	-
Receivables, net	127,933	206	128,139
Inventories	128,794	5,081	133,875
Prepaid expenses	553,627	-	553,627
Total Current Assets	<u>1,789,895</u>	<u>11,731</u>	<u>1,801,626</u>
Noncurrent Assets			
Land	272,111	-	272,111
Capital assets, net	5,333,294	41,528	5,374,822
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>5,605,405</u>	<u>41,528</u>	<u>5,646,933</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 7,395,300</u>	<u>\$ 53,259</u>	<u>\$ 7,448,559</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 143,904	\$ -	\$ 143,904
Accrued salaries and benefits	267,293	6,076	273,369
Compensated absences	11,990	-	11,990
Capital lease payable	31,782	-	31,782
Total Current Liabilities	<u>454,969</u>	<u>6,076</u>	<u>461,045</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Capital lease payable	51,225	-	51,225
Compensated absences	204,619	-	204,619
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>255,844</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>255,844</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>710,813</u>	<u>6,076</u>	<u>716,889</u>
NET ASSETS			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	5,522,398	41,528	5,563,926
Restricted for capital projects	287,047	-	287,047
Unrestricted	875,042	5,655	880,697
Total Net Assets	<u>6,684,487</u>	<u>47,183</u>	<u>6,731,670</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$ 7,395,300</u>	<u>\$ 53,259</u>	<u>\$ 7,448,559</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 2,969,641	\$ 336,893	\$ 1,081,338	\$ 93,938
Pupil personnel	444,475	-	17,351	-
Instructional staff	212,484	-	8,676	-
Administrative and Financial Support	645,083	-	26,026	-
Operation and maintenance of plant services	793,684	38,959	-	-
Central services	301,347	-	-	-
Student activities	1,726	-	-	-
Community services	591	-	-	-
Interest on debt	5,889	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	5,374,920	375,852	1,133,391	93,938
Business-Type Activities				
Food service	117,246	83,228	38,591	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,492,166	\$ 459,080	\$ 1,171,982	\$ 93,938
General Revenues				
Support-local districts				
Interest earnings				
Miscellaneous income				
Sale of fixed assets				
Total General Revenues				
Change in Net Assets				
Net Assets, July 1, 2006				
Net Assets, June 30, 2007				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expense)/Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
\$ (1,457,472)	\$ -	\$ (1,457,472)
(427,124)	-	(427,124)
(203,808)	-	(203,808)
(619,057)	-	(619,057)
(754,725)	-	(754,725)
(301,347)	-	(301,347)
(1,726)	-	(1,726)
(591)	-	(591)
(5,889)	-	(5,889)
(3,771,739)	-	(3,771,739)
-	4,573	4,573
(3,771,739)	4,573	(3,767,166)
3,606,758	-	3,606,758
46,646	23	46,669
11,950	-	11,950
245,380	-	245,380
3,910,734	23	3,910,757
138,995	4,596	143,591
6,545,492	42,587	6,588,079
\$ 6,684,487	\$ 47,183	\$ 6,731,670

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds
June 30, 2007

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 679,652	\$ 299,547	\$ 979,199
Due from other funds	342	-	342
Receivables (net)	127,933	-	127,933
Inventories	128,794	-	128,794
Prepaid items	553,627	-	553,627
	<u>553,627</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>553,627</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 1,490,348</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 299,547</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,789,895</u></u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 131,404	\$ 12,500	\$ 143,904
Accrued salaries and benefits	267,293	-	267,293
	<u>267,293</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>267,293</u>
Total Liabilities	<u><u>398,697</u></u>	<u><u>12,500</u></u>	<u><u>411,197</u></u>
Fund Balance			
Reserved for capital projects	-	287,047	287,047
Reserved for prepaid items	553,627	-	553,627
Reserved for inventories	128,794	-	128,794
Reserved for Regional Career and Technical Center	113,764	-	113,764
Unreserved	295,466	-	295,466
	<u>295,466</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>295,466</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u><u>1,091,651</u></u>	<u><u>287,047</u></u>	<u><u>1,378,698</u></u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u><u>\$ 1,490,348</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 299,547</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,789,895</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2007

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets:

Fund balances - governmental fund		\$ 1,378,698
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds		5,605,405
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Compensated absences	\$ (216,609)	
Capital lease obligations	<u>(83,007)</u>	<u>(299,616)</u>
Net assets of governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 6,684,487</u></u>

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 418,044	\$ 16,405	\$ 434,449
State sources	905,618	-	905,618
Federal sources	321,710	-	321,710
Support-local districts	3,606,758	-	3,606,758
Total Revenues	<u>5,252,130</u>	<u>16,405</u>	<u>5,268,535</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	2,935,445	-	2,935,445
Support services	2,290,934	64,741	2,355,675
Noninstructional services	2,317	-	2,317
Facilities acquisition, construction	36,967	20,476	57,443
Debt service	35,898	-	35,898
Total Expenditures	<u>5,301,561</u>	<u>85,217</u>	<u>5,386,778</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(49,431)</u>	<u>(68,812)</u>	<u>(118,243)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Interfund transfers	(275,000)	275,000	-
Sale of fixed assets	278,100	-	278,100
Change in inventory	18,675	-	18,675
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>21,775</u>	<u>275,000</u>	<u>296,775</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(27,656)	206,188	178,532
Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	<u>1,119,307</u>	<u>80,859</u>	<u>1,200,166</u>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 1,091,651</u>	<u>\$ 287,047</u>	<u>\$ 1,378,698</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 178,532
Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, are shown as capital assets in the statement of net assets	353,281
Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets included in the governmental activities in the statement of activities	(407,452)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales or trade-ins) is to decrease net assets	7,686
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In current year, these amounts are:	
Capital lease payments	\$ 30,009
Change in compensated absences	<u>(23,061)</u>
	<u>6,948</u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 138,995</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 119,858	\$ 447,858	\$ 418,044	\$ (29,814)
State sources	853,588	931,998	905,618	(26,380)
Federal sources	331,347	321,709	321,710	1
Support-local districts	4,210,487	3,882,487	3,606,758	(275,729)
Total Revenues	<u>5,515,280</u>	<u>5,584,052</u>	<u>5,252,130</u>	<u>(331,922)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	2,985,641	3,014,572	2,935,445	79,127
Support services	2,421,994	2,338,686	2,290,934	47,752
Noninstructional services	7,726	3,226	2,317	909
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	29,000	28,337	36,967	(8,630)
Debt service	35,898	35,898	35,898	-
Total Expenditures	<u>5,480,259</u>	<u>5,420,719</u>	<u>5,301,561</u>	<u>119,158</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>35,021</u>	<u>163,333</u>	<u>(49,431)</u>	<u>(212,764)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Interfund transfers	(3,892)	-	(275,000)	(275,000)
Changes in inventory	-	-	18,675	18,675
Sale of fixed assets	10,000	10,000	278,100	268,100
Budget reserve	(375,164)	(505,368)	-	505,368
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(369,056)</u>	<u>(495,368)</u>	<u>21,775</u>	<u>517,143</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(334,035)	(332,035)	(27,656)	304,379
Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	<u>1,119,307</u>	<u>1,119,307</u>	<u>1,119,307</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 785,272</u>	<u>\$ 787,272</u>	<u>\$ 1,091,651</u>	<u>\$ 304,379</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2007

	<u>Food Service</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,786
Other receivables	206
Inventories	<u>5,081</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>12,073</u>
Non Current Assets	
Machinery and equipment	
(Net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>41,528</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 53,601</u></u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 6,076
Due to General Fund	<u>342</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>6,418</u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	41,528
Unrestricted	<u>5,655</u>
Total Net Assets	<u>47,183</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u><u>\$ 53,601</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Net Assets - Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>Food Service</u>
Operating Revenues	
Food service revenue	<u>\$ 83,228</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>83,228</u>
Operating Expenses	
Personnel services - salaries	35,294
Personnel services - employee benefits	19,085
Supplies and food	60,219
Depreciation	983
Other	<u>1,665</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>117,246</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(34,018)</u>
Nonoperating Revenues	
Earnings on investments	23
State sources	5,717
Federal sources	<u>32,874</u>
Total Nonoperating Revenues	<u>38,614</u>
Change in Net Assets	4,596
Net Assets, July 1, 2006	<u>42,587</u>
Net Assets, June 30, 2007	<u><u>\$ 47,183</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>Food Service</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from users	\$ 83,126
Cash payments to employees for services	(57,204)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(59,449)
Cash payments for operating expenses	<u>(1,665)</u>
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	<u>(35,192)</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
State sources	5,717
Federal sources	<u>33,617</u>
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>39,334</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Earnings on investments	<u>23</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>23</u>
Net Increase in Cash	4,165
Cash at Beginning of Year	<u>2,621</u>
Cash at End of Year	<u><u>\$ 6,786</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (34,018)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash (used for) operating activities - depreciation	983
(Increase) decrease receivables (net)	(102)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	770
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables	(5,033)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	<u>2,208</u>
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ (35,192)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets -

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust	Student Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 216,955	\$ 5,711
Total Assets	<u>\$ 216,955</u>	<u>\$ 5,711</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,460	\$ 5,711
Total Liabilities	<u>2,460</u>	<u>5,711</u>
Net Assets		
Held in trust for scholarships	<u>214,495</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$ 216,955</u>	<u>\$ 5,711</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets -
Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Interest	\$ 10,103
Contributions	<u>7,103</u>
Total Additions	<u>17,206</u>
Deductions:	
Supplies	<u>9,288</u>
Total Deductions	<u>9,288</u>
Change in Net Assets	7,918
Net Assets, July 1, 2006	<u>206,577</u>
Net Assets, July 1, 2007	<u><u>\$ 214,495</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Erie County Technical School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Erie County Technical School includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the School. Control by or dependence on the School was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligation of the School, obligation of the School to finance any deficits that may occur or receipt of significant subsidies from the School. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statement of the reporting entity includes those of the primary government (Erie County Technical School) and its blended component unit, the Erie County Technical School Foundation.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental Activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct Expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary funds of the School. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for transfers from other funds and related investment earnings for capital outlays not accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the School reports the following other fund types:

Proprietary Funds account for a government's activities that are operated like private businesses, charging customers a fee in return for goods or services. Proprietary funds employ the *economic resources, measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting*.

Trust Funds account for the activities of the government that are fiduciary in nature, except those reported as agency funds. The government acts as a trustee for resources that belong to others. Trust funds employ the *economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting*.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds are merely clearing accounts for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, as well as demand deposits, investments, and certificates of deposit included in pooled cash and non-pooled investments with original maturities of three months or less.

E. Investments

Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the School is permitted to invest its monies as follows:

Obligations of (1) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (2) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith credit of the Commonwealth, or (3) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law is pledged by the depository.

All investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined using selected basis as follows: securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates, and investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories in governmental funds are stated at cost by the first-in, first-out method. The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, an estimated value of inventories is reported as an asset in the General Fund. The inventories in the General Fund are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute “available spendable resources” even though they are a component of net current assets. The General Fund is the only governmental fund that has an inventory balance as of June 30, 2007.

A physical inventory of the Food Service Fund food and supplies was taken as of June 30, 2007. The inventory consisted of government donated commodities, which were valued at estimated fair market value, and purchased commodities and supplies, both valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The School does not have any infrastructure assets. The School maintains a \$1,500 threshold for additions to equipment. Buildings and improvements are capitalized when the value is \$25,000 or greater. Vehicles are capitalized if over \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset’s life are not capitalized.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

	<u>Life - Years</u>
Buildings	30-40
Equipment	5-20
Autos, trucks, and vans	8
Improvements	20

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. All encumbrances lapse at year end.

J. Compensated Absences

The School does not permit the carryover of unused vacation days. Accordingly, the financial statements do not contain any provision for unused vacation time.

Employees are allowed unlimited accumulation of unused sick days and upon retirement can elect to receive compensation as follows:

	<u>Sick Pay Rate/Day</u>	<u>Maximum Benefit</u>
Administrators	\$75	\$ 18,750
Professional educators	55	12,000
Support personnel	55	12,000

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Joint Venture

Erie County Area Vocational Technical School exists for the purpose of operating vocational and technical programs for high school students, out of school youths, and adults who are residents of participating districts. The School is a joint venture of eleven member school districts located in the County of Erie, Pennsylvania. Each district elects one member to the Operating Committee (Joint Board). Each district is responsible for a portion of the School's operating budget based on each district's share of student enrollment and market value of real estate.

N. Proprietary Fund FASB Usage

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed for proprietary activity financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

O. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects funds.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The School follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to June 30, a proposed operating budget is submitted to the Operating Committee for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance.
3. The Administration is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a specific budget object; any other transfers or revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Operating Committee.
4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed by other funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through direct authorization by the Operating Committee or the expenditures are all fixed in nature.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2007, \$0 of the School's bank balance of \$57,516 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Insured amount	\$ 57,516
Add: deposits in transit	-
Less: outstanding checks	(708)
Carrying amount of bank balances	56,808
Plus: petty cash	150
pooled cash equivalents	929,027
Total cash per financial statements	<u>\$ 985,985</u>

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the School had the following investments:

PA Local Government Investment Trust	\$ 5,657
PA Local Government Investment Trust-Plus	102,955
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund	775,302
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund-PSDMAX	45,113
	\$ 929,027

Interest Rate Risk

The School does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The School follows the Pennsylvania School Code's investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2007, the School's investments were rated as:

PA Local Government Investment Trust	AAA
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund	AAA

Concentration of Risk

The School places no limit on the amount the School may invest in any one issuer. All of the School's investments are in PA Local Government Investment Trust and PA School District Liquid Asset Fund.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The School has no investment subject to custodial credit risk.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Total investments above	\$ 929,027
Less: deposits in investment pool considered cash equivalents	
	929,027
Total investments per financial statements	\$ -

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2007 for the government's individual major funds and business-type activities in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

<u>Receivables</u>	<u>General</u>	<u>Business Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Federal & state grants	\$ 53,735	\$ -	\$ 53,735
Other	74,198	206	74,404
Gross receivables	127,933	206	128,139
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 127,933</u>	<u>\$ 206</u>	<u>\$ 128,139</u>

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES FUNDS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2007 is as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$ 342
		<u>\$ 342</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the date that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds are made.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	June 30, 2006	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustments	June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 304,831	\$ -	\$ 32,720	\$ 272,111
Capital assets depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	10,747,565	-	97,859	10,649,706
Machinery and equipment	2,399,388	353,281	237,157	2,515,512
Vehicles	55,000	-	-	55,000
Total Assets Depreciated	13,201,953	353,281	335,016	13,220,218
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(6,236,217)	(195,649)	172,705	(6,259,161)
Machinery and equipment	(1,570,343)	(205,137)	202,717	(1,572,763)
Vehicles	(48,334)	(6,666)	-	(55,000)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,854,894)	(407,452)	375,422	(7,886,924)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 5,347,059	\$ (54,171)	\$ (40,406)	\$ 5,333,294
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Equipment	\$ 147,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 147,388
Total Assets Depreciated	147,388	-	-	147,388
Less accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	104,877	(983)	-	(105,860)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	104,877	(983)	-	(105,860)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 42,511	\$ (983)	\$ -	\$ 41,528

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction:

Vocational	\$ 351,314
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Support Services:

Administration	36,573
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Operation and maintenance	19,565
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	<u>\$ 407,452</u>
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Business-Type Activities:

Food service	<u>\$ 983</u>
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NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On September 23, 1999, the School entered into a capital lease to upgrade the lighting system and other building improvements. The lease requires quarterly payments of \$8,974 beginning March 15, 2000 to December 15, 2009. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Building improvements	\$ 267,640
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(93,674)</u>
	<u>\$ 173,966</u>

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
2008	\$ 35,898
2009	35,898
2010	<u>17,949</u>
Total Minimum Lease Payments	89,745
Less: Amount representing interest	<u>(6,738)</u>
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ 83,007</u>

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Capital lease	\$ 113,016	\$ -	\$ 30,009	\$ 83,007	\$ 31,782
Compensated absences	<u>193,548</u>	<u>23,061</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>216,609</u>	<u>11,990</u>
	<u>\$ 306,564</u>	<u>\$ 23,061</u>	<u>\$ 30,009</u>	<u>\$ 299,616</u>	<u>\$ 43,772</u>

The liability for compensated absences is normally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN**A. Plan Description**

The School contributes to a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public School Employee Retirement System (PSERS). Benefit provisions of the plan are established under the provisions of the PSERS Code (the Code) and may be amended by an act of the Pennsylvania State Legislature. The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits, legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments, and healthcare insurance premium assistance to qualifying plan members and beneficiaries. It also provides for refunds of a member's accumulated contribution upon termination of a member's employment in the public school sector. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PSERS, P. O. Box 125, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17108-0125.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Funding Policy

The contribution policy is set by the Code and requires contribution by active employees and by participating employers. Plan members are required to contribute 5.25 percent of their compensation if they joined the plan before July 22, 1983, and 6.25 percent if they joined on or after that date. Under Act 2001-9, May 17, 2001, members may elect to increase their contribution rate by 1.25% as of January 1, 2002, thereby increasing their benefit. Employees hired after January 1, 2002 are required to contribute 7.5%. The contributions required of participating employers is based on an actuarial valuation and is expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll during the period for which the amount is determined. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the rate of employer contributions was 6.46% of covered payroll. Before July 1, 1995, Schools and the Commonwealth shared the employer contribution rate equally. Since July 1, 1995, Schools are required to pay the entire employer contributions rate and are reimbursed by the Commonwealth in an amount equal to the Commonwealth's share as determined by the income aid ratio (as defined in Act 29 of 1994), which is at least one-half of the total employer rate. The School's contributions to PSERS for years ending June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$155,287, \$111,093, and \$94,493, respectively. Those amounts are equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTE 9 - SELF INSURANCE

A. Health Insurance

The School's self-insurance program pays accident and health insurance coverage for School employees on a cost-reimbursement basis. Retired employees are also covered by the program provided they pay a monthly premium to the School. Under the program, the School is obligated for claim payments.

A stop-loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier covers individual claims in excess of \$45,000, up to \$1,000,000 maximum.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, total claims expense and stop-loss insurance expense were approximately \$598,000. Claims expense, recorded as a general fund expenditure, represents claims processed as of June 30, 2007, and includes \$94,435 estimated unprocessed claims payable.

NOTE 9 - SELF INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

The claims asset of \$553,627 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicated that it is probable that a liability had been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the claims asset is as follows:

Claims asset, beginning of year	\$ 600,453
Current year premiums	550,953
Claim payments and administration	<u>(597,779)</u>
Claims asset, end of year	<u>\$ 553,627</u>

Future liability that may arise as a result of self-insurance is not readily determinable and cannot be reasonably estimated. Thus, the financial statements do not reflect a contingent liability for any unasserted claims. To fund future claims, the School maintains a prepaid deposit of \$553,627.

B. Unemployment Compensation

The School is self-insured for unemployment compensation purposes for all employees. Based on the history of lay-offs, the projections of future enrollment and the cost savings, the School has opted to self-insure.

Future liability that may arise as a result of self-insurance is not readily determinable and cannot be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements to reflect a contingent liability for future claims.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The School has purchased various insurance policies to safeguard its assets from risk of loss. Insurance coverage appears to be consistent with previous years. During the year ended June 30, 2007 and the two previous fiscal years, no settlements exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 11 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Erie County Technical School is a joint venture of eleven member school districts. The School derives a substantial portion of its revenue from the member districts. For the year ended June 30, 2007, revenue from member districts was \$3,606,758, which was 69% of the School's total General Fund revenue.

ERIE COUNTY TECHNICAL SCHOOL
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 119,858	\$ 447,858	\$ 418,044	\$ (29,814)
State sources	853,588	931,998	905,618	(26,380)
Federal sources	331,347	321,709	321,710	1
Support-local districts	4,210,487	3,882,487	3,606,758	(275,729)
Total Revenues	5,515,280	5,584,052	5,252,130	(331,922)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				
Instruction				
Vocational education programs	2,107,398	2,148,836	2,106,109	42,727
Other instructional programs	660,530	643,508	619,451	24,057
Adult education programs	217,713	222,228	209,885	12,343
Total Instruction	2,985,641	3,014,572	2,935,445	79,127
Support Services				
Pupil personnel	449,343	439,975	444,475	(4,500)
Instructional staff	215,599	215,626	212,484	3,142
Administrative	473,166	468,711	468,577	134
Pupil health	1,000	1,000	714	286
Business	158,687	136,478	139,219	(2,741)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	802,643	759,156	723,753	35,403
Student transportation services	1,000	1,500	365	1,135
Central	320,556	316,240	301,347	14,893
Total Support Services	2,421,994	2,338,686	2,290,934	47,752
Operation of Noninstructional Services				
Student activities	1,726	1,726	1,726	-
Community services	6,000	1,500	591	909
Total Noninstructional Services	7,726	3,226	2,317	909
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	29,000	28,337	36,967	(8,630)
Debt service	35,898	35,898	35,898	-
Total Expenditures	5,480,259	5,420,719	5,301,561	119,158
Excess of Revenues				
Over/(Under) Expenditures	35,021	163,333	(49,431)	(212,764)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Interfund transfers	(3,892)	-	(275,000)	(275,000)
Changes in inventory	-	-	18,675	18,675
Sale of fixed assets	10,000	10,000	278,100	268,100
Budget reserve	(375,164)	(505,368)	-	505,368
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(369,056)	(495,368)	21,775	517,143
Net Change in Fund Balance	(334,035)	(332,035)	(27,656)	304,379
Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	1,119,307	1,119,307	1,119,307	-
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 785,272	\$ 787,272	\$ 1,091,651	\$ 304,379

**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards**

To the Members of the Operating Committee
Erie County Technical School
Erie, Pennsylvania

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Erie County Technical School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Erie County Technical School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 10, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Erie County Technical School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Erie County Technical School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Erie County Technical School's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.

**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
(Continued)**

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Erie County Technical School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Erie County Technical School in a separate letter dated August 10, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee and management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

August 10, 2007
Erie, Pennsylvania